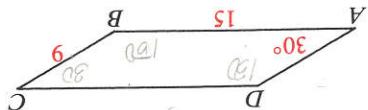


| height | 1 m   | 0.4 km | 40 cm | 2 cm | 3 km  | 80 mm                   | 0.5 m |
|--------|-------|--------|-------|------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| base   | 0.8 m | 0.3 km | 2 m   | 5 mm | 150 m | 15. 16. 17. 18. 19. 20. |       |

Exercises 15–20 refer to a triangle. Express the ratio of the height to the base in simplest form.

12.  $x:y:z$   
13.  $z:x:y$   
14.  $x:(x+y):(y+z)$   
9.  $\frac{y}{x+z}$   
10.  $\frac{z+x}{x-y}$   
11.  $\frac{x-y}{x+y}$   
6.  $x$  to  $y$   
7.  $z$  to  $x$   
8.  $x+y$  to  $z$

In Exercises 6–14,  $x = 12$ ,  $y = 8$ , and  $z = 24$ . Write each ratio in simplest form.



ABC is a parallelogram. Find the value of each ratio.

### Written Exercises

16. What is the second term of the proportion  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{y}{x}$ ?

15. Three numbers aren't known, but the ratio of the numbers is  $1:2:5$ . Is it possible that the numbers are 1, 2, and 5? 10, 20, and 50? 3, 6, and 20?  $x$ ,  $2x$ , and  $5x$ ?

14. The ratio of the lengths of two segments is  $4:3$  when they are measured in centimeters. What is their ratio when they are measured in inches?

13. Can you find the ratio of 2 liters to 4 kilometer? Explain.

12. What is the ratio of 750 milliliters to 1.5 liters?

9.  $KM:LR$   
10.  $JL:LM$   
11.  $JK:KL:LM$   
6.  $JK:KL$   
7.  $KL:JK$   
8.  $KL:JM$

Express the ratio in simplest form.

5. Compare your answers to Exercises 3 and 4. Is the ratio  $a:b$  of two numbers always, sometimes, or never the same as the ratio  $b:a$ ?

1.  $\frac{20}{15}$   
2.  $\frac{4y}{7y}$   
3.  $\frac{4n^2}{n^2}$   
4.  $\frac{n^2}{n^2}$

Express the ratio in simplest form.



can be read "a is to b as c is to d." The proportion  $a:b::c:d$  is called an extended proportion. The terms, respectively, are equal. For example,  $100:200::50:100$ .

means, respectively, can be read "a is to b as c is to d." The proportion  $a:b::c:d$  is called an extended proportion. The terms, respectively,

and 100.

angle are in the ratio  $2:2:5$ . Find the

ent that three numbers

in. This form can also

**Write the algebraic ratio in simplest form.**

21.  $\frac{3a}{4ab}$

22.  $\frac{2cd}{5c^2}$

24.  $\frac{10x}{5x}$

25.  $\frac{3(x-y)}{(x-y)(x+y)}$

23.  $\frac{3(x+4)}{a(x+4)}$

26.  $\frac{a+5}{4a+20}$

**In Exercises 27–32, find the measure of each angle.**

- B 27. The ratio of the measures of two complementary angles is 4:5.  
(Hint: Let  $4x$  and  $5x$  represent the measures.)

28. The ratio of the measures of two supplementary angles is 11:4.

29. The measures of the angles of a triangle are in the ratio 3:4:5.

30. The measures of the acute angles of a right triangle are in the ratio 5:7.

31. The measures of the angles of an isosceles triangle are in the ratio 3:3:4.

32. The measures of the angles of a hexagon are in the ratio 4:6:6:7:8:9.

33. The perimeter of a triangle is 96 cm and the lengths of its sides are in the ratio 9:11:12. Find the length of each side.

34. The measures of the consecutive angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 6:7:11:12. Find the measure of each angle, draw a quadrilateral that satisfies the requirements, and explain why two sides must be parallel.

35. What is the ratio of the measure of an interior angle to the measure of an exterior angle in a regular decagon? A regular  $n$ -gon?

36. A team's best hitter has a lifetime batting average of .320. He has been at bat 325 times.

a. How many hits has he made?

b. The player goes into a slump and doesn't get any hits at all in his next ten times at bat. Now what is his batting average to the nearest thousandth?

- C 37. A basketball player has made 24 points out of 30 free throws. She hopes to make all her next free throws until her free-throw percentage is 85 or better. How many consecutive free throws will she have to make?

38. Points  $B$  and  $C$  lie on  $\overline{AD}$ .  $\frac{AB}{BD} = \frac{3}{4}$ ,

$\frac{AC}{CD} = \frac{5}{6}$ , and  $BD = 66$ . Find  $AC$ .

39. Find the ratio of  $x$  to  $y$ :  $\frac{4}{y} + \frac{3}{x} = 44$   
 $\frac{12}{y} - \frac{2}{x} = 44$



The first and last terms of a proportion are called the *extremes*. The means are the *means*. In the proportions below, the extremes are shown in red and the means are shown in black.

$a:b = c:d$

$6:9 = 2:3$

$\frac{6}{9} = \frac{2}{3}$

Notice that  $6 \cdot 3 = 9 \cdot 2$ . This illustrates a property of all proportions: the *means-extremes* property of proportions:

The product of the extremes equals the product of the means.

$$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} \text{ is equivalent to } ad = bc.$$

The two equations are equivalent because we can change either one by multiplying (or dividing) each side by  $bd$ . Try this.

It is often necessary to replace one proportion by an equivalent proportion. When you do so in a proof, you may use the reason "Properties of Proportions." The following properties will be justified in the text.

## Properties of Proportions

1.  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$  is equivalent to:

a.  $ad = bc$       b.  $\frac{a}{c} = \frac{b}{d}$       c.  $\frac{b}{a} = \frac{d}{c}$       d.  $\frac{a}{d} = \frac{c}{b}$

2. If  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d} = \frac{e}{f} = \dots$ , then  $\frac{a+c+e+\dots}{b+d+f+\dots} = \frac{a}{b} = \dots$

**Example** Use the proportion  $\frac{x}{y} = \frac{3}{4}$  to complete each statement.

a.  $3y = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b.  $\frac{x+y}{y} = \frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}$

c.  $\frac{x}{3} = \frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}$

d.  $\frac{4}{3} = \frac{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}{\underline{\hspace{2cm}}}$

**Solution** a.  $3y = 4x$

b.  $\frac{x+y}{y} = \frac{7}{4}$

c.  $\frac{x}{3} = \frac{y}{4}$

d.  $\frac{4}{3} = \frac{y}{x}$

35.  $\frac{x+1}{x+5} = \frac{2}{6}$

34.  $\frac{x+2}{x+4} = \frac{1}{6}$

33.  $\frac{x-3}{x} = \frac{x}{x+4}$

Find the value of  $x$ .

32. Show that the proportions  $\frac{a+c}{b+d} = \frac{b-d}{c-d}$  and  $\frac{a}{d} = \frac{c}{d}$  are equivalent.

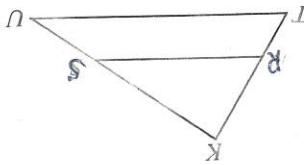
31. Show that the proportions  $\frac{a-b}{b} = \frac{c-d}{d}$  and  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$  are equivalent.

30. Given the proportions  $\frac{x+y}{y} = \frac{s}{s}$  and  $\frac{x-y}{s} = \frac{y}{s}$ , what can you conclude?

(Note that this exercise justifies property I(d) on page 209.)

29. Show that the proportions  $\frac{a+b}{b} = \frac{c+d}{d}$  and  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$  are equivalent.

(Hint for Ex. 25: Let  $KR = x$ ;  
then  $RT = 12 - x$ ;



For the figure shown, it is given that  $KR = KS$ . Copy and complete the table.

| KR  | RT | KT | KS | SU | KU |
|-----|----|----|----|----|----|
| 12  | 9  | ?  | 16 | ?  | ?  |
| 8   | ?  | ?  | 10 | 12 | ?  |
| 16  | ?  | ?  | ?  | 10 | 30 |
| 22  | ?  | 2  | ?  | 9  | ?  |
| 23. | ?  | ?  | 12 | 10 | 5  |
| 24. | ?  | ?  | ?  | ?  | 12 |
| 25. | ?  | ?  | ?  | ?  | ?  |
| 26. | 12 | 4  | ?  | ?  | ?  |
| 27. | ?  | 9  | 36 | ?  | ?  |
| 28. | ?  | ?  | 30 | 28 | ?  |
| 29. | ?  | ?  | ?  | ?  | 42 |

Find the value of  $x$ .

7. If  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{3}{x}$ , then  $a + b = \frac{q}{q}$ .

8. If  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{3}{x}$ , then  $x + 2 = \frac{q}{q}$ .

9. If  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{4}{7}$ , then  $a = \frac{q}{q}$ .

10. If  $\frac{x}{7} = \frac{3}{8}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

11. If  $\frac{2x}{5} = \frac{3}{4}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

12. If  $\frac{x}{8} = \frac{2}{5}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

13. If  $\frac{x+5}{7} = \frac{1}{2}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

14. If  $\frac{x+3}{2} = \frac{3}{4}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

15. If  $\frac{x+2}{1} = \frac{3}{2}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

16. If  $\frac{4x+1}{1} = \frac{3}{2}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

17. If  $\frac{x+3}{2} = \frac{3}{1}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

18. If  $\frac{10}{x+5} = \frac{7}{6x-2}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

19. If  $\frac{x-5}{7} = \frac{4}{3}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

20. If  $\frac{4x-5}{4} = \frac{7}{20x+1}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

21. If  $\frac{12}{x} = \frac{9}{16}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

22. If  $\frac{8}{x} = \frac{7}{12}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

23. If  $\frac{16}{x} = \frac{9}{10}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

24. If  $\frac{12}{x} = \frac{10}{9}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

25. If  $\frac{16}{x} = \frac{12}{10}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

26. If  $\frac{12}{x} = \frac{10}{8}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

27. If  $\frac{12}{x} = \frac{9}{7}$ , then  $x = \frac{q}{q}$ .

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